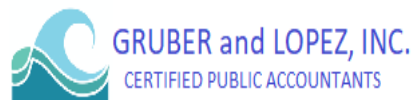


PICO WATER DISTRICT
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(with Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)
June 30, 2024



PICO WATER DISTRICT

Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

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Board of Directors
Pico Water District
Pico Rivera, California

Independent Auditors' Report

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Pico Water District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the year ended June 30, 2024 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management’s discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information as listed on the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management’s responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements. The schedules of detailed operating revenues and detailed operating expenses is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of detailed operating revenues and detailed operating expenses are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required By Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2024 on our consideration of the District’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gruber and Lopez, Inc.

Gruber and Lopez, Inc.

Newport Beach, California
December 5, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**PICO WATER DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024**

This section of the District's annual financial report presents our analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Operating revenue and expenses both decreased compared to the prior period due to the 18-month reporting period ending June 30, 2023.
- Nonoperating revenues decreased by \$1,632,885 due to a decrease in capital contributions in fiscal year 2024 relating to PFAS treatment and other developer related projects.
- The combined effect of these items resulted in an overall decrease of \$336,914 in the District's net position for fiscal year 2024.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. The Financial Statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the Financial Statements.

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements of the District report information about the District using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing the rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the District, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the District. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the success of the District's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the District has successfully recovered all its costs through its user fees and other charges, profitability, and credit worthiness.

The final required Financial Statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the District's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what cash was used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

**PICO WATER DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024**

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

Our analysis of the District begins on page 4. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position, and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position report information about the District's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net position of the District and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position - the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources - as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in economic conditions, population growth, zoning, and new or changed government legislation.

NET POSITION

To begin our analysis, a summary of the District's Statements of Net Position is presented in Table 1.

**TABLE 1
Condensed Statements of Net Position**

	Fiscal Year 2024	Fiscal Year 2023	Dollar Change
Assets:			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 3,335,532	\$ 3,908,680	\$ (573,148)
Capital Assets	21,057,008	20,592,637	464,371
Total Assets	<u>24,392,540</u>	<u>24,501,317</u>	<u>(108,777)</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred Amount Pension Obligation	647,843	662,971	(15,128)
Deferred Amount OPEB Obligation	225,478	237,950	(12,472)
Total Deferred Outflows	<u>873,321</u>	<u>900,921</u>	<u>(27,600)</u>
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	1,707,117	1,433,976	273,141
Noncurrent Liabilities	7,840,749	8,047,294	(206,545)
Total Liabilities	<u>9,547,866</u>	<u>9,481,270</u>	<u>66,596</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred Amount Pension Obligation	149,419	204,294	(54,875)
Deferred Amount OPEB Obligation	492,081	303,265	188,816
Total Deferred Inflows	<u>641,500</u>	<u>507,559</u>	<u>133,941</u>
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,762,755	14,125,340	637,415
Unrestricted	<u>313,740</u>	<u>1,288,069</u>	<u>(974,329)</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 15,076,495</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 15,413,409</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (336,914)</u></u>

As can be seen in Table 1, the District's net position decreased by \$336,914 from fiscal year 2023 to 2024. The net position decrease of \$336,914 combines an increase to Net Investment in Capital Assets of \$637,415 and a \$974,329 decrease in Unrestricted Net Position.

**PICO WATER DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024**

NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

TABLE 2

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position

	Fiscal Year 2024	Fiscal Year 2023	Dollar Change
Revenues			
Operating Revenues	\$ 4,822,244	\$ 6,643,398	\$ (1,821,154)
Nonoperating Revenues	538,705	2,171,590	(1,632,885)
Total Revenues	<u>5,360,949</u>	<u>8,814,988</u>	<u>(3,454,039)</u>
Expenses			
Depreciation Expense	1,034,486	824,388	210,098
Other Operating Expenses	4,415,909	5,656,043	(1,240,134)
Nonoperating Expense	247,468	433,731	(186,263)
Total Expenses	<u>5,697,863</u>	<u>6,914,162</u>	<u>(1,216,299)</u>
Change in Net Position	(336,914)	1,900,826	(2,237,740)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>15,413,409</u>	<u>13,512,583</u>	<u>1,900,826</u>
Net Position - End of Fiscal Year	<u>\$ 15,076,495</u>	<u>\$ 15,413,409</u>	<u>\$ (336,914)</u>

A closer examination of the source of changes in net position reveals that the District's total revenues decreased by \$3,454,039 between fiscal years 2024 and 2023. Both Operating Revenues and Expense decreased notably due to the modified reporting period for the 18-month period ending June 30, 2023. Nonoperating Revenues decreased by \$1,632,885 primarily due to decreased capital contribution related to PFAS treatment projects and other developer related projects.

**PICO WATER DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024**

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

TABLE 3

FY 24 Actual vs. FY 24 Budget

	FY 2024 Actuals	FY 2024 Budget	Variance
Revenues			
Operating Revenues	\$ 4,822,244	\$ 4,159,300	\$ 662,944
Nonoperating Revenues	538,705	479,000	59,705
Total Revenues	<u>5,360,949</u>	<u>4,638,300</u>	<u>722,649</u>
Expenses			
Operating Expenses			
Source of Supply	1,152,445	1,204,600	(52,155)
Pumping	628,447	583,300	45,147
Water Treatment	139,883	135,800	4,083
Transmission and Distribution	292,533	196,700	95,833
Customer Service	302,581	248,700	53,881
Depreciation	1,034,487	-	1,034,487
General and Administrative	1,900,019	1,597,600	302,419
Total Operating Expenses	<u>5,450,395</u>	<u>3,966,700</u>	<u>1,483,695</u>
Nonoperating Expenses	<u>247,468</u>	<u>422,700</u>	<u>(175,232)</u>
Total Expenses	<u>5,697,863</u>	<u>4,389,400</u>	<u>2,792,158</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ (336,914)</u>	<u>\$ 248,900</u>	<u>\$ (585,814)</u>

As Table 3 shows, change in net position ended the year below budget by \$585,814. The difference is primarily due to depreciation expense, which is not budgeted, and \$302,419 excess in general and administrative expense caused by higher than anticipated legal expenses for various matters. These are offset by higher than anticipated water sales revenue and unanticipated capacity fee revenue for developer projects in the amount of \$207,474.

**PICO WATER DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024**

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2024, the District's investments in a broad range of infrastructure, as shown in Table 4, totaled \$21,057,008.

**TABLE 4
Capital Assets**

	Balance at July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions and Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2024
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable Assets	\$ 5,096,856	\$ 1,498,163	\$ (335,118)	\$ 6,259,901
Depreciable Assets	27,021,870	335,812	-	27,357,682
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(11,526,089)	(1,034,486)	-	(12,560,575)
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 20,592,637</u>	<u>\$ 799,489</u>	<u>\$ (335,118)</u>	<u>\$ 21,057,008</u>

The major capital asset additions for the year ended June 30, 2024 included:

- Well #5 Rehabilitation - \$150,804
- Well #8 Wastewater Discharge Line - \$100,347
- Vehicle replacement and additions - \$46,678
- Hydrant Replacements - \$14,720
- Meter Replacements - \$22,569

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, the District had outstanding debt in the amount of \$6,199,774 consisting of two infrastructure loans from IBank. This is fully discussed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's Board of Directors and management will consider many factors when setting the 2024 budget including user fees, potential water sales, water usage patterns, and increases by regulatory agencies, utilities, and staffing requirements.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGER

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the General Manager, Mr. Joe Basulto at Pico Water District.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PICO WATER DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

ASSETS

Current assets:	
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 1,970,902
Accounts receivable	884,406
Accrued interest receivable	1,208
Other receivables	216,784
Inventory of materials and supplies	199,852
Prepaid expenses and deposits	62,380
Total current assets	<u>3,335,532</u>
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, not depreciated (note 3)	6,259,901
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (note 3)	14,797,107
Total noncurrent assets	<u>21,057,008</u>
Total assets	<u>24,392,540</u>

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension (note 6)	647,843
OPEB (note 7)	225,478
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>873,321</u>

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	258,034
Accrued expenses	325,776
Accrued interest payable	94,479
Compensated absences - current portion	22,391
Note payable - current portion (note 5)	176,155
Refundable deposits	713,578
Retention payable	116,704
Total current liabilities	<u>1,707,117</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	126,880
Note payable (note 5)	6,023,619
Net pension liability (note 6)	1,101,064
Net other postemployment benefits obligation (note 7)	589,186
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>7,840,749</u>
Total liabilities	<u>9,547,866</u>

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pension (note 6)	149,419
OPEB (note 7)	492,081
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>641,500</u>

NET POSITION

Net investment in capital assets	14,762,755
Unrestricted	313,740
Total net position	<u>\$ 15,076,495</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Operating revenues:	
Water sales	\$ 4,014,399
Water services	807,845
	<u>4,822,244</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>4,822,244</u>
Operating expenses:	
Source of supply	1,152,445
Pumping	628,447
Water treatment	139,883
Transmission and distribution	292,533
Customer services	302,581
Depreciation (note 3)	1,034,486
General and administrative	1,900,020
	<u>5,450,395</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>5,450,395</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(628,151)</u>
Non-operating revenues (expenses):	
Investment income	73,226
Rental income	22,440
Interest expense and fees	(228,004)
Gain on disposal of assets	6,866
Other revenues (expenses), net	21,760
	<u>103,712</u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	<u>(103,712)</u>
Income (loss) before capital contributions	(731,863)
Capital Contributions:	
Contributed capital	394,949
	<u>394,949</u>
Change in net position	(336,914)
Net position, beginning of year	<u>15,413,409</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 15,076,495</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 4,924,037
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services	(2,630,323)
Cash paid to employees for services	<u>(1,610,374)</u>
Net cash provided (used by) operating activities	<u>683,340</u>
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
Other nonoperating revenue (expense)	<u>21,760</u>
Net cash provided (used by) noncapital financing activities	<u>21,760</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Proceeds from contributed capital	394,949
Payment of principal and interest on loan	(401,048)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	<u>(1,280,664)</u>
Net cash provided (used by) capital and related financing activities	<u>(1,286,763)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Proceeds from rental property	22,440
Interest and investment earnings received	<u>84,503</u>
Net cash provided (used by) investing activities	<u>106,943</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(474,720)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	<u>2,445,622</u>
Cash and equivalents, end of year	<u><u>\$ 1,970,902</u></u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (628,151)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	1,034,486
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(14,911)
(Increase) decrease in inventory of materials and supplies	(102,686)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and deposits	(6,579)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(450,818)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	275,174
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	19,444
Increase (decrease) in refundable deposits	326,053
Increase (decrease) in retention payable	116,704
Increase (decrease) in net Pension liability	106,845
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability	<u>7,779</u>
Total adjustments	<u>1,311,491</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u><u>\$ 683,340</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Nature of Organization

Pico Water District (the “District”) was formed June 22, 1926, pursuant to the provisions of the State of California County Water District law. The District currently encompasses 1,536 acres and operates six wells, five of which are in use and one of which is inactive, and a 1.25 million gallon reservoir. The purpose of the District is to finance, construct, operate, and maintain a water system to serve properties within the District’s boundaries.

b. Basis of Accounting

The District’s activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is a proprietary-type fund used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis is financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transaction are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied. The accompanying financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic measurement focus all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with these activities are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and change in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

d. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have been defined as cash and short-term investments, which have a maturity of three months or less. At June 30, 2024, the District invested with the State Treasurer’s Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). This is a pooled money investment account and is considered to be a cash equivalent. The District also invested funds with the California Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System, a joint powers authority, that provides California public agencies with the ability to invest in high quality, short- to medium-term securities while ensuring safety and liquidity.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e. Accounts Receivable

The District grants unsecured credit to its customers. Bad debts are accounted for using the direct write off method. Management believes that the bad debt expense under this method approximates the expense that would be recorded using the allowance method.

f. Inventory

Inventories maintained by the District consist primarily of pipes, construction materials, and maintenance supplies. Inventories are priced at the lower cost or market, determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

g. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are stated at historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation. In accordance with its capitalization policy, the District has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 and a useful life that is more than one year. Depreciation is recorded on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The ranges of lives used for computing depreciation for each capital asset class are as follows:

Wells and reservoirs	20-50 years
Wells and reservoirs equipment	5-10 years
Pumps and tanks	20-25 years
Water treatment equipment	5-10 years
Transmission and distribution	15-50 years
General plant and other	5-25 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged as expenses as incurred. Significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

h. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB resulted from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the actuarial valuation and the effects of actuarially-determined changes. These amounts are deferred and amortized as detailed in Note 6 for pension and Note 7 for OPEB to the financial statements.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

i. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave is recorded as an expense and liability as benefits accrue to employees, in accordance with the District policy.

j. Net Pension Obligation

For purposes of measuring the net position liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, the pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and addition to/deduction from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

k. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

The District participates in a single employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the District Retiree Benefits Plan (the Plan), and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

l. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of resources applicable to future periods. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB results from the difference between the estimated and actual return on pension plan investments, the effect of changes in proportion and changes in assumptions, and the difference between expected and actual experience. These amounts are deferred and amortized as detailed on Note 6 for pensions and Note 7 for OPEB to the financial statements.

m. Net Position

Net position of the District can be classified into three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These classification are defined as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

m. Net Position (continued)

If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributions, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2024, the District did not have restricted net position.

Unrestricted Net Position – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of the “net investment in capital assets” or “restricted”.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District’s policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

n. Operating Revenue and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses, such as water sales and services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment income and rental income, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities in which the District gives (receives) value without directly receiving (giving) equal value in exchange. Operating expenses include the cost of sale and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

o. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized and account receivable recorded as water services are provided. This includes estimated charges for water services delivered prior to year-end and billed during a subsequent billing cycle.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

p. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statement in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

q. Leases Payable and Subscription Agreements Payable

Lessee: The District recognizes a lease or subscription agreement liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$25,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease or subscription agreement, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position. The District currently has no lease or subscription agreement liabilities that met the criteria of GASB Nos. 87 and 96.

Lessor: The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
 NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

q. Leases Payable and Subscription Agreements Payable (continued)

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key elements and judgement include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable. The District currently has no lease revenues that met the criteria of GASB No. 87.

r. New Accounting Pronouncements

The District adopted Statement on Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statements) No. 100- *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. The adoption of GASB No. 100 did not significantly impact the District.

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Cash on hand	\$ 500
Deposits held with financial institutions	1,863,741
Investments in Local Agency Investment Fund	<u>106,661</u>
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 1,970,902</u>

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code and the District's investment policy. The table also

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments (continued)

identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District’s investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District’s investment policy.

<u>Investment Types</u>	<u>Maximum Maturity</u>	<u>Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio</u>	<u>Maximum Investment in One Issuer</u>
U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
State of California Obligations	5 years	None	None
California Warrants, Notes or Bonds	5 years	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
CD Placement Services	5 years	30%	None
Banker’s Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	20%	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	None	None
Mutual Funds and Money Market Mutual Funds	5 years	20%	10%

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District follows the investment policy as stipulated by the California Government Code as to the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2024, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District has limited exposure to interest rate risk as all funds are currently invested in short term investments.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District’s investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District investments by maturity at June 30, 2024.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments (continued)

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Remaining Investment Maturities</u>			<u>Total</u>
	<u>Less than 1 Year</u>	<u>1 to 3 Years</u>	<u>4 to 5 Years</u>	
Local Agency Investment Fund	<u>\$ 106,661</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>106,661</u>
Total	<u>\$ 106,661</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>106,661</u>

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments in LAIF are not rated. California Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System has a rating of AAA* by S&P Global Ratings.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an individual collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 150% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies.

Investments in State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments (continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy

The District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72 *Fair Value Measurement and Application* which requires the District to categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Investments in LAIF are uncategorized as deposits and withdrawals are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Non-depreciable:				
Land and easement	\$ 417,363	-	-	417,363
Water rights	216,000	-	-	216,000
Construction in process	<u>4,463,493</u>	<u>1,498,163</u>	<u>(335,118)</u>	<u>5,626,538</u>
Total non-depreciable	<u>5,096,856</u>	<u>1,498,163</u>	<u>(335,118)</u>	<u>6,259,901</u>
Depreciable:				
Wells and reservoirs	5,856,898	150,804	-	6,007,702
Pumps and tanks	850,978	-	-	850,978
Water treatment equipment	5,835	-	-	5,835
Transmission and distributions	18,080,080	137,636	-	18,217,716
General plant	2,089,517	47,372	-	2,136,889
Rental house	101,779	-	-	101,779
SCADA system and equipment	<u>36,783</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,783</u>
Total depreciable capital assets	<u>27,021,870</u>	<u>335,812</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>27,357,682</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(11,526,089)</u>	<u>(1,034,388)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(12,560,575)</u>
Total depreciable capital assets, net	<u>15,495,781</u>	<u>(698,674)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,797,107</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$20,592,637</u>	<u>799,489</u>	<u>(335,118)</u>	<u>21,057,008</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,034,486.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(4) Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. In an effort to manage its risk exposure, the District is a member of the Association of California Water Agencies Joint Powers Insurance Authority (the “Authority”).

The Authority is a risk-pooling self-insurance authority, organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500, et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other coverages.

At June 30, 2024, as a member of the Authority, the District participated in the insurance programs as follows:

Property Loss. The Authority has pooled self-insurance up to \$100,000,000 per occurrence and has purchased excess insurance coverage of \$500,000,000 (total insurable value \$6,282,134). The District has a \$1,000 deductibles for buildings, personal property, fixed and mobile equipment, and licensed vehicles.

General Liability. The District is insured up to \$55,000,000 per occurrence with no deductible; the Authority is self-insured up to \$5,000,000 and excess insurance coverage of \$50,000,000.

Automobile Liability. The District is insured up to \$55,000,000 per occurrence with no deductible; the Authority is self-insured up to \$5,000,000 and excess insurance coverage of \$50,000,000.

Workers’ Compensation. The District is insured for statutory limits. The District is insured up to \$4,000,000 per accident. The Authority is self-insured up to \$2,000,000 and excess insurance coverage has been purchased.

Public Official’s Liability. The District is insured for error and omissions up to \$55,000,000 per occurrence with no deductible; the Authority is self-insured up to \$5,000,000 and excess insurance coverage of \$50,000,000.

Employee Dishonesty/Crime Coverage. The District is insured up to \$100,000 per occurrence with \$1,000 deductible for employee dishonesty, forgery or alternation, computer fraud and ERISA.

Earthquake and Flood. The District is insured up to \$25,000,000 per occurrence with a 5% per unit of insurance at the time of loss, subject to a \$75,000 minimum per occurrence. The flood deductible is \$100,000 per occurrence.

The District pays annual premiums for the coverages. There were no instances in the past three years when a settlement exceeded the District’s coverage.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(5) Notes Payable

As of June 30, 2024, the District had entered into two Installment Sale Agreements with California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank in the amounts of \$2,020,200 and \$5,250,000, respectively. The proceeds of the loans are held by a fiscal agent and are released as infrastructure expenditures are incurred. The loans bear interest at 3.84% per annum. Principal payments commenced in August 2017 and are due annually. Interest payments commenced February 2017 and are payable biannually. The total future debt obligations under these agreements are as shown below.

<u>Year Ending, December 31</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 176,155	224,776	400,931
2026	182,619	218,193	400,812
2027	189,321	211,368	400,689
2028	196,269	204,290	400,559
2029	203,475	212,873	416,348
2030-2034	1,205,343	1,066,892	2,272,235
2035-2039	1,289,405	559,338	1,848,743
2040-2044	1,894,720	269,886	2,164,606
2045-2046	<u>862,467</u>	<u>14,360</u>	<u>876,827</u>
Total	<u>\$6,199,774</u>	<u>2,981,976</u>	<u>9,181,750</u>

The schedule below summarizes changes in long-term debt during the year ended June 30, 2024:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Amounts Due within One Year</u>
Direct borrowing:					
California Infrastructure	\$4,614,881	-	120,526	4,494,355	125,154
Economic Development Bank	<u>1,754,815</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>49,396</u>	<u>1,705,419</u>	<u>51,001</u>
Total	<u>\$6,369,696</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>169,922</u>	<u>6,199,774</u>	<u>176,155</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District incurred \$228,004 of interest expense.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The District participates in a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan through the California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS) which covers substantially all regular full-time employees of the District. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the state of California and reports information to the District in accordance with reporting standards established by GASB.

The District had implemented all applicable GASB statements related to the area of pension plans and as a result, reported its proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for the above plan as shown in the table below:

<u>Pension Plan</u>	<u>Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Proportionate Share of Pension Expense</u>
CalPERS	\$1,101,063	\$647,843	\$194,419	\$268,584

Plan Description – Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan under the CalPERS plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan is comprised of a Miscellaneous Risk Pool and a Safety Risk Pool. Individual employers may sponsor more than one Miscellaneous or Safety Plan. The District sponsors one Miscellaneous Risk Pool plan and the information presented below represents the allocated pension amounts for the District’s plan (the Plan). The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees’ Retirement Law.

Plan Provided – The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on year of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member’s final compensation. Members hired by the District, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for employment-related disability benefits regardless of length of service and nonduty disability benefits after four years of service. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The Postretirement Death Benefit is a one-time payment made to a retiree’s designated survivor or estate upon the retiree’s death. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member’s beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee’s eligible survivor may receive

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013) and has at least five years of credited service.

The cost-of-living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are shown below:

	Miscellaneous Risk Pool	
	Classic	PEPRA
Hire Date	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or After January 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	52
Required employee contribution rates	6.92%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rates	13.00%	7.91%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rate for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are determined annually through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarial determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are presented above and the total District required contributions to the Plan were \$161,740.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – As of June 30, 2024, the District reported net pension liability for its proportionate share of the Miscellaneous Risk Pool net pension liability totaling \$1,101,064. As permitted by GASB standards, the net pension liability was determined based upon the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the District's Plan as of the June 30, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>
Proportion – June 30, 2022	0.020398%
Proportion – June 30, 2023	0.022019%
Change – Increase (Decrease)	0.001621%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$268,583. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the sources as follows:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 161,740	-
Change in proportion	118,690	-
Net difference in actual contributions vs. proportionate share of contributions	-	(139,193)
Net difference between expected and actual experience	67,029	(10,226)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	222,466	-
Change in assumptions	<u>77,918</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 647,843</u>	<u>(149,419)</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net position liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. The net difference between projected and actual earnings on the plan investment is amortized over a five year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth is recognized in pension expenses during the measurement period and remaining amount is deferred and will be amortized over the remaining four-year period. The remaining net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments shown above represents the unamortized balance relating to the current measurement period and the prior measurement period on a net basis.

All other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the plan participants. The EARSL for CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool Plan for the June 30, 2023 measurement date is 3.8 years. The first year of amortization is recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or losses occurs. The remaining amounts are deferred and will be amortized over the remaining period not to exceed 2.8 years.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Remaining amounts will be recognized to pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$103,322
2026	58,190
2027	168,802
2028	<u>6,370</u>
	<u>\$336,684</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, which was rolled forward to the June 30, 2023 measurement date. As permitted by GASB standards, the District’s net pension liability was determined based upon the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of the June 30, 2022 used the methods and assumptions herein, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement.

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>
Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age (1)
Investment Rate of Return	6.80% (2)
Mortality	Varies (3)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment.
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS’ specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details, please refer to the 2021 experience study report that can be found on the CalPERS website.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested employer rate plans within the Plan that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested employer rate plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.90% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report, *GASB Statements 67 and 68 Crossover Testing Report for Measurement Date June 30, 2023 based on June 30, 2022 Valuations*, that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. For the CalPERS Plan, the 6.80% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 10 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 6.90%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return (a) (b)
Global Equity – Cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity – Non-Cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.00%)	(0.59%)

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(6) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.3% used for this period.
- (b) Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	5.90% \$1,906,108
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	6.90% \$1,101,064
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	7.90% \$438,443

Detailed information about CalPERS Miscellaneous Risk Pool Plan fiduciary net position is available in a separate annual comprehensive financial report. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

(7) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, the District provides a post-retirement health care benefit for retired employees and directors who have served the District full-time for at least five consecutive years and who are at least 55 years of age at the time of retirement, and spouses. In accordance with statutory requirements, a director must have commenced his or her service on or before January 1, 1995, in order to be entitled to receive District-paid health insurance after completing service on the board.

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of the plan are set by the District and the District’s Board of Directors. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members. The District has established a trust to fund other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the District. The District contributed \$67,500 to the Retiree Benefit Trust for the year ended June 30, 2024 and \$33,455 in employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024, including the implicit rate subsidy. The table herein shows the participants as of June 30, 2023.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(7) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Active employees	9
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	-
Total	<u>12</u>

Net OPEB Liability (Asset) – The table below shows the components of the net OPEB liability of the District:

Total OPEB Liability	\$1,600,678
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>(1,011,492)</u>
District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ 589,186</u>

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) (63.19%)

Investments – As June 30, 2024, all Plan investments are held in the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust program (CERBT) through CalPERS.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the sources as follows:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Change in assumptions	\$ 120,190	(23,936)
Difference between expected and actual experience	7,787	(468,145)
Difference between projected and actual return on investments	<u>97,501</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 225,478</u>	<u>(492,081)</u>

The deferred outflows of resources results from a change of assumptions and is amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the plan participants. The EARSL for the OPEB plan for June 30, 2025 is five years. The year of amortization is recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amount is deferred and will be amortized over the remaining periods not to exceed four years.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(7) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

The deferred inflows of resources related to OEPB resulting from the net differences between projected and actual earnings on the plan investments is amortized over a five year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth is recognized in pension expense during the measurement period and the remaining amount is deferred and will be amortized over the remaining four-year period.

The deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the net differences between projected and actual experience is amortized over a five year period on a straight-line basis. One-fifth is recognized in pension expense during the measurement period and the remaining amount is deferred and will be amortized over the remaining four-year period.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2025	\$ (4,684)
2026	(6,483)
2027	12,475
2028	(25,447)
2029	(30,410)
Thereafter	<u>(212,054)</u>
	<u>\$ (266,603)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The District’s net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. Liabilities in this report were calculated as of the valuation date.

The total OPEB liability was determined by using the actuarial assumptions shown herein, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return	6.25%
Projected salary increase	2.75%
Medical cost trend rate	4.0%
Mortality	4.0% (1)

- (1) Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(7) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Shown herein is the assumed asset allocation and assumed rate of return for each asset class:

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Assumed Gross Return
All Equities	40.0%	7.545%
All Fixed Income	43.0%	4.250%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8.0%	7.250%
All Commodities	4.0%	7.545%
Treasury Inflated Protected Securities (TIPS)	5.0%	3.000%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 6.25 percent. It is assumed that contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed 30 years. Historic 34-year real rates for each asset class were used, along with an assumed long-term inflation assumption, to set the discount rate. The expected investment return was offset by investment expenses of 25 basis points. Rolling periods of time for all assets, in combination, were reviewed to appropriately reflect the correlation between asset classes. That means that the average returns for any asset class will not necessarily reflect the averages over time individually, but do reflect the return for the asset class for the portfolio average. Geometric means were used.

Since the most recent valuation, there were no changes to the actuarial assumptions.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(7) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/ (Asset) (c)=(a)-(b)
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/22 <i>Measurement Date 6/30/22</i>	\$1,692,806	910,111	782,695
Changes During the Period:			
Service cost	66,027	-	66,027
Interest cost	106,818	34,152	72,666
Actual and expected experience difference	(205,908)	-	(205,908)
Employer contributions	-	100,955	(100,955)
Change in assumptions	(25,610)	-	(25,610)
Benefit payments	(33,455)	(33,455)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(271)	(271)
Net Changes in Fiscal Year 2023-24	(92,128)	101,381	(193,509)
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/24 <i>Measurement Date 6/30/23</i>	\$1,600,678	1,011,492	589,186

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Districts’ OPEB liability (asset), calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the District’s OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	5.25%
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$859,730
Current Discount Rate	6.25%
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$589,186
1% Increase	7.25%
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$370,654

PICO WATER DISTRICT
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(7) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trends
– The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period June 30, 2023:

1% Decrease	3.0%
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$336,065
Current Rate	4.0%
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$589,186
1% Increase	5.0%
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$914,978

OPEB Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$108,734.

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation – In the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the District believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

Grants – The District receives several government grants which are subject to audit by the government. The ultimate determination of amounts received under these programs generally is based upon allowable costs reported to and audited by the government. Until such audits have been completed and final settlement reached, there exists a contingency to refund any amount received in excess of allowable costs. Management is of the opinion that no material liability will result from such audits.

(9) Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 5, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	As of the fiscal year ending June 30,				
	2024	2023	2021	2020	2019
Measurement date	6/30/2023	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018
Plan's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.000119%	0.000151%	0.001421%	0.016140%	0.013669%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,101,064	\$ 954,472	\$ 76,836	\$ 680,803	\$ 680,803
Covered payroll, measurement date	\$ 791,774	\$ 698,909	\$ 713,546	\$ 698,909	\$ 684,785
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	139.06%	136.57%	10.77%	97.41%	99.42%
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.50%	82.76%	98.54%	90.05%	90.05%

	As of the fiscal year ending June 30,			
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Measurement date	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Plan's proportion of the collective net pension liability	0.011461%	0.011830%	0.009610%	0.002566%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 431,937	\$ 466,342	\$ 333,859	\$ 64,847
Covered payroll, measurement date	\$ 707,715	\$ 685,639	\$ 644,476	\$ 616,120
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	61.03%	68.02%	51.80%	10.53%
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.74%	90.69%	92.50%	98.47%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in assumptions:

From fiscal year 6/30/15 to 6/30/16: GASB 69 paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.5% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017: There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018: The discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.

From fiscal year June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019: Demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. Inflation was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50%.

From fiscal year June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2021: There were no changes in assumptions.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown. The District changed fiscal years from December 31 to June 30 after fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 which is why no data exists for 2022.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Schedule of Plan Contributions - Defined Benefit Pension Plan
Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	As of the fiscal year ending June 30,				
	2024	2023	2021	2020	2019
Valuation Date	6/30/2022	6/30/2020	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 161,740	\$ 142,698	\$ 119,421	\$ 81,822	\$ 55,622
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>\$ (161,740)</u>	<u>\$ (142,698)</u>	<u>\$ (119,421)</u>	<u>\$ (81,822)</u>	<u>\$ (55,622)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 930,390	\$ 791,774	\$ 698,909	\$ 689,948	\$ 698,909
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.38%	18.02%	17.09%	11.86%	7.96%

	As of the fiscal year ending June 30,			
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Valuation Date	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013	6/30/2012
Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$ 69,561	\$ 69,915	\$ 75,888	\$ 60,692
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u>\$ (69,561)</u>	<u>\$ (69,915)</u>	<u>\$ (75,888)</u>	<u>\$ (60,692)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 684,785	\$ 707,715	\$ 685,639	\$ 644,476
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.16%	9.88%	11.07%	9.42%

Notes to Schedule:

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Asset valuation method	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value
Inflation	2.300%	2.300%	2.500%	2.625%	2.750%
Salary increases	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Investment rate of return	6.80% (3)	6.80% (3)	7.00% (3)	7.25% (3)	7.375% (3)
Retirement age	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Mortality	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Asset valuation method	Market Value	Market Value	Market Value	15-Year Smoothed Market Method
Inflation	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%
Salary increases	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Investment rate of return	7.50% (3)	7.50% (3)	7.50% (3)	7.50% (3)
Retirement age	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Mortality	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)

(1) Level percentage of pay, direct rate smoothing

(2) Depending on age, service, and type of employment

(3) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

(4) 50 for all plans with the exception of 52 for Miscellaneous PEPRA which is 2% at 62

(5) Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown. The District changed fiscal years from December 31 to June 30 after fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 which is why no data exists for 2022.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

<i>Measurement Period</i>	As of the fiscal year ending June 30,				
	2024	2023	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 66,027	64,260	47,686	46,410	44,430
Interest on the total OPEB Liability	106,818	98,460	98,427	90,936	97,794
Actual and expected experience difference	(205,908)	-	(185,021)	-	(200,904)
Changes in assumptions	(25,610)	-	154,861	-	-
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(33,455)	(26,294)	(49,997)	(45,478)	(50,131)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(92,128)	136,426	65,956	91,868	(108,811)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>1,692,806</u>	<u>1,556,380</u>	<u>1,490,424</u>	<u>1,398,556</u>	<u>1,507,367</u>
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	<u>\$ 1,600,678</u>	<u>1,692,806</u>	<u>1,556,380</u>	<u>1,490,424</u>	<u>1,398,556</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contribution - employer	\$ 100,955	161,294	117,497	123,705	132,131
Net investment income	34,152	(128,869)	142,152	40,907	33,642
Investment gains/losses	-	-	-	(9,009)	3,588
Benefit payments	(33,455)	(26,294)	(49,997)	(56,205)	(50,131)
Administrative expense	(271)	(241)	(266)	(304)	(109)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	101,381	5,890	209,386	99,094	119,121
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>910,111</u>	<u>904,221</u>	<u>694,835</u>	<u>595,741</u>	<u>476,620</u>
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$ 1,011,492</u>	<u>910,111</u>	<u>904,221</u>	<u>694,835</u>	<u>595,741</u>
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	<u>\$ 589,186</u>	<u>782,695</u>	<u>652,159</u>	<u>795,589</u>	<u>802,815</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 930,390	698,909	752,867	723,443	737,564
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	63.33%	111.99%	86.62%	109.97%	108.85%

Notes to Schedule

* Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed un to 10 years as information becomes available. The District changed fiscal years from December 31 to June 30 after fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 which is why no data exists for 2022.

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios (Continued)

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

<i>Measurement Period</i>	<u>2018</u>	<u>As of the fiscal year ending June 30,</u>
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	43,241	
Interest on the total OPEB Liability	92,082	
Actual and expected experience difference	-	
Changes in assumptions	-	
Changes in benefit terms	-	
Benefit payments	<u>(45,968)</u>	
Net change in total OPEB liability	89,355	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>1,418,012</u>	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	<u>1,507,367</u>	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contribution - employer	112,968	
Net investment income	27,250	
Investment gains/losses	(3,001)	
Benefit payments	(45,968)	
Administrative expense	<u>(723)</u>	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	90,526	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>386,094</u>	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>476,620</u>	
Net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a)-(b)	<u>1,030,747</u>	
Covered-employee payroll	727,985	
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	141.59%	

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Schedule of Plan Contributions - OPEB Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	As of the fiscal year ending June 30,				
	2024	2023	2021	2020	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 100,955	161,294	117,497	123,705	132,131
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ (100,955)	(161,294)	(117,497)	(123,705)	(132,131)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	-	-	-	-
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 930,390	791,774	752,867	723,443	737,564
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	10.85%	20.37%	15.61%	17.10%	17.91%
	As of the fiscal year ending June 30,				
	2018				
Actuarially determined contribution	112,968				
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(112,968)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-				
Covered-employee payroll	727,985				
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	15.52%				

Notes to schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-age normal
Amortization Valuation Method/Period	Level percent of pay
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation	2.75% for valuation dates 6/30/2015-6/30/17; 2.5% for valuation date 6/30/2019.
Payroll Growth	3.0% for valuation dates 6/30/2015 and 6/30/2019; 3.25% for valuation date 6/30/2017.
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of plan investment expenses and including inflation
Healthcare Cost-Trend Rates	For valuation date 6/30/2017, assumed increase occurs once each year with premium increase of 7.5% on 1/1/19 with increase of 0.5% less each January 1 thereafter through 2024. Assumed 5.0% increases for year 2014 and later. 5.4% in 2021 fluctuating down to 4% by 2076.
Mortality	Most recent CalPERS experience study.
Mortality Improvement	Most recent MacLeod Watts Scale, generationally applied.

* Fiscal year 2017-18 was the first year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown. The District changed fiscal years from December 31 to June 30 after fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 which is why no data exists for 2022.

PICO WATER DISTRICT

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2024

(1) Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – The schedule presents information on the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the plans’ fiduciary net position associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Schedule of Plan Contributions – Defined Benefit Pension Plan – The schedule presents information on the District’s required contribution, the amount actually contributed and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios – The schedule is intended to show the funded status of the District’s actuarially determined liability for postemployment benefits other than pensions. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

Schedule of Plan Contributions – OPEB Plan – The schedule presents information on the District’s required contribution, the amounts actually contributed and an excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, 10 years of information will be presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Schedule of Detailed Operating Revenues
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Water Sales Revenues

Residential	\$ 2,345,890
Multi-user	504,210
Business	777,468
Other	<u>386,831</u>
Total water sales revenues	<u>4,014,399</u>

Water Service Revenues

Late charges	59,772
Fire protection	95,050
Infrastructure surcharge	402,737
Other	<u>250,286</u>
Total water services revenues	<u>807,845</u>

 Total operating revenues \$ 4,822,244

PICO WATER DISTRICT
Schedule of Detailed Operating Revenues
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Source of Supply	
Ground water replenishment	\$ 1,049,519
Recycled water	29,201
Salaries and wages	<u>73,725</u>
Total source of supply expenses	<u>1,152,445</u>
Pumping	
Power	298,347
Maintenance	59,404
Salaries and wages	<u>270,696</u>
Total pumping expenses	<u>628,447</u>
Water Treatment	
Water treatment regulations	46,691
Chemicals and lab testing	87,065
Salaries and wages	<u>6,127</u>
Total water treatment expenses	<u>139,883</u>
Transmission and distribution	
Maintenance	148,068
Vehicle expenses	31,965
Salaries and wages	<u>112,500</u>
Total transmission and distribution expenses	<u>292,533</u>
Customer Services	
Supplies	85,397
Salaries and wages	<u>217,184</u>
Total customer services expenses	<u>302,581</u>
Depreciation	
	<u>1,034,486</u>
General and Administrative	
Salaries and wages	400,574
Insurance - benefits	250,744
Insurance - property, earthquake, and auto	72,429
Pension and OPEB expenses	327,287
Professional services	475,342
Payroll taxes	85,605
Directors' fees	45,000
Meeting and dues	65,995
Repairs and maintenance	25,771
Telephone and utilities	22,603
Office supplies	16,631
Conservation	30,365
Election expense	400
Water master plan	72,222
Education	5,788
Miscellaneous	<u>3,264</u>
Total general and administrative expenses	<u>1,900,020</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 5,450,395</u>

Board of Directors
Pico Water District
Pico Rivera, California

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Pico Water District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pico Water District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pico Water District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pico Water District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pico Water District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pico Water District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests noted on instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gruber and Lopez, Inc.

Gruber and Lopez, Inc.

Newport Beach, California
December 5, 2024